

Capire le città con i big data



Bruno Lepri (FBK)



FONDAZIONE BRUNO KESSLER ALIVE - DEAD NEW YORK DETROIT

How do we capture death & life of cities?





The systematic acceleration of urban life

+ Social human-interactions Economical

GDP, wages, patents

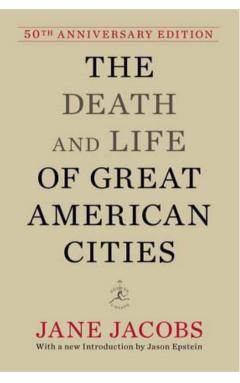
Issues

violent crimes, contagious diseases, pollution

- Bettencourt, Luís MA, et al. "Growth, innovation, scaling, and the pace of life in cities." PNAS 104.17 (2007): 7301-7306.

- Milgram, Stanley. "The experience of living in cities." Crowding and behavior 167 (1974): 41.

The theory: Jane Jacobs

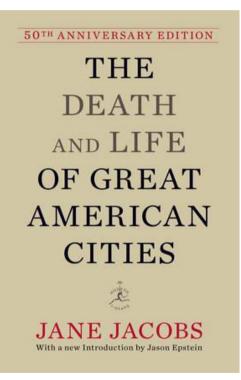


One of the **most** influential books in city planning

- planning models that dominated midcentury planning
- American housing policy (HOPE VI)
- Melbourne, Toronto etc.

Klemek, C. (2011) 'Dead or Alive at Fifty? Reading Jane Jacobs on her Golden Anniversary' Dissent, Vol. 58, No. 2, 75–79.

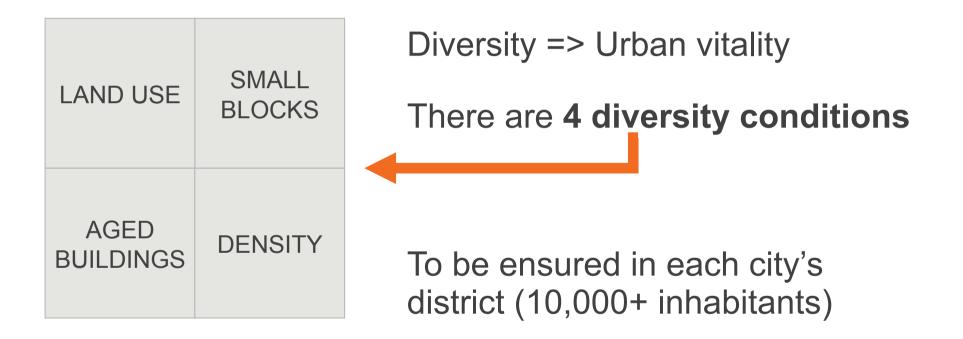
The theory: Jane Jacobs



One of the **most** influential books in city planning

- **Death**: caused by the elimination of pedestrian activity
- Life: created by a vital urban fabric at all times of the day

Jacobs' diversity conditions

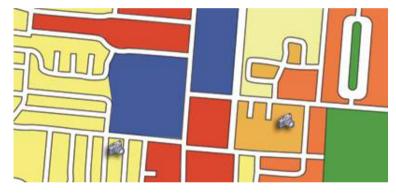


The death and life of great Italian cities: A mobile phone data perspective. De Nadai et al., WWW 2016

Land Use Mix

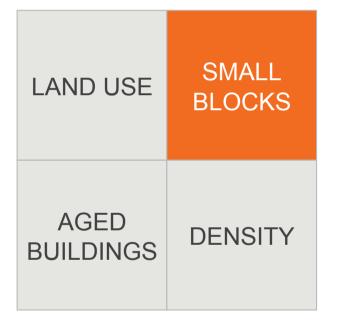
LAND USE	SMALL BLOCKS
AGED BUILDINGS	DENSITY

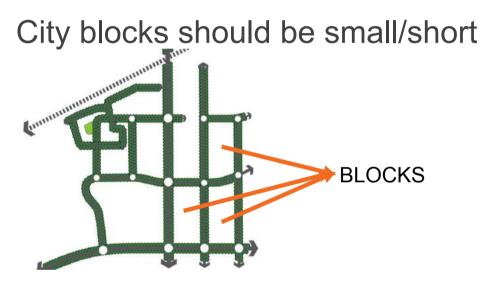
2+ primary uses (contemporarily)



JACOBS' VIEW: People come for different purposes, continuously EFFECT: "sidewalk ballet" and "eyes on the street"

Small blocks





JACOBS' VIEW: improves *walkability* EFFECT: Increase face-to-face interactions

Aged buildings

LAND USE	SMALL BLOCKS
AGED BUILDINGS	DENSITY

Buildings mixed (age and types)



JACOBS' VIEW: To ensure economic diversity EFFECT: high-/low-income residents new/small enterprises

Density

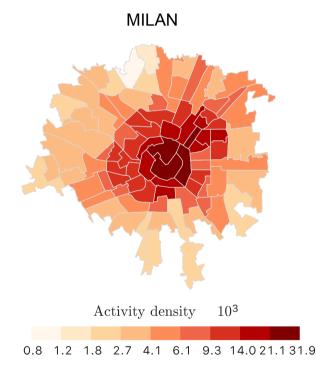
LAND USE	SMALL BLOCKS	
AGED BUILDINGS	DENSITY	

Concentration of people and enterprises

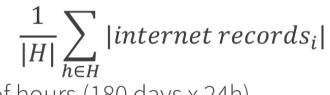


JACOBS' VIEW: People have a reason to live in a district EFFECT: Attract people

"Operationalize" Vitality



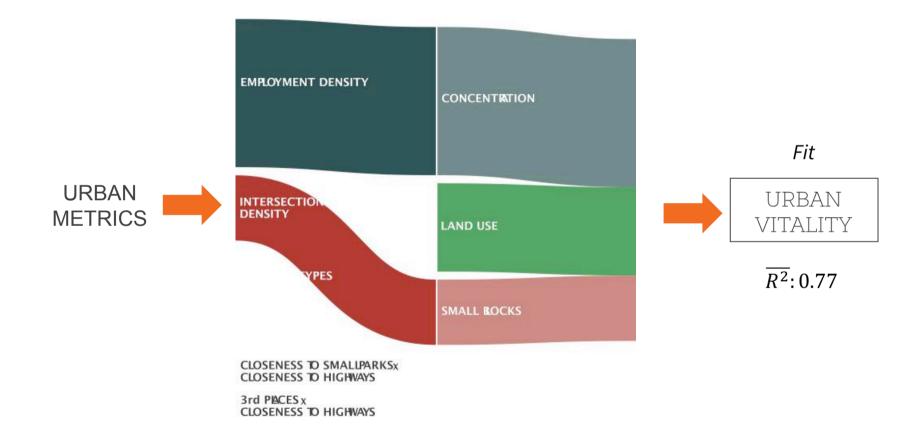
- Mobile phone Internet activity as a proxy for urban vitality
- We calculate the activity density in each district *i*



H: set of hours (180 days x 24h)

- Six Italian cities with **100,000+ inhabitants** (e.g. Rome, Milan...)
- 6 months time span (in 2014)

Jacobs' theory holds and is still valid



Which place looks safer?





The theory: Broken Windows

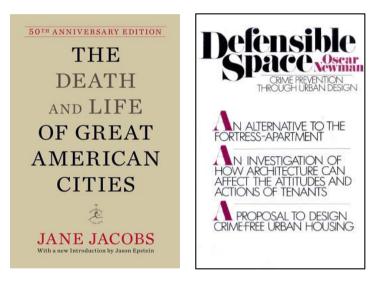


- City mismanagement
- Dirty places
- Poor infrastructure

Lead to misbehavior => Crime

Wilson, James Q., and George L. Kelling. "Broken windows." Critical issues in policing: Contemporary readings (1982): 395-407.

The theory: Jane Jacobs + Oscar Newman

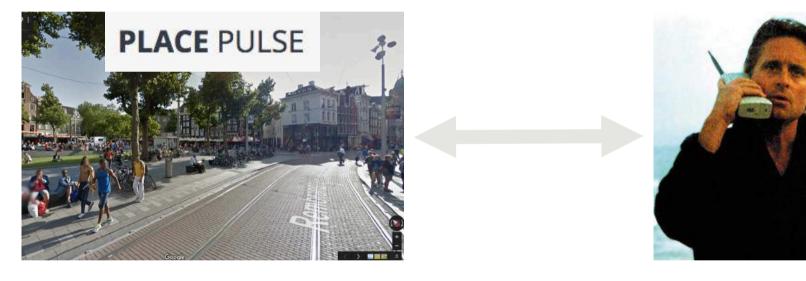


Two of the **most** influential books in city planning

- Lit streets
- Street-facing windows
- Physical demarcation privatepublic

Klemek, C. (2011) 'Dead or Alive at Fifty? Reading Jane Jacobs on her Golden Anniversary' Dissent, Vol. 58, No. 2, 75–79.

The multi-modal approach



SAFETY PERCEPTION

LIVELINESS

Safety perception and liveliness a multi-modal approach

Presence of people Women, Young people around

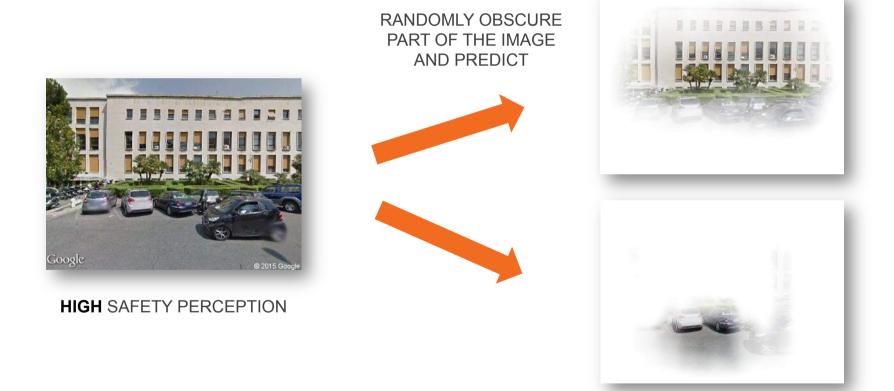
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Visual elements for safety

3

Are Safer Looking Neighborhoods More Lively? A Multimodal Investigation into Urban Life. De Nadai et al. ACM-MM 2016

Visual elements for safety perception



Now that we have new tools to measure aesthetics, we can estimate its consequences

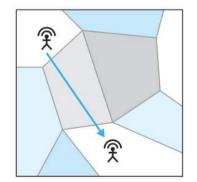
to understand the relative value of improving the aestetics of neighbourhoods

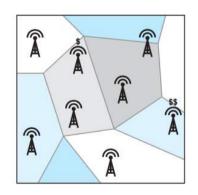
Crime in cities: Place matters – no one fits it all

- Urban fabric + Social disorganization + Mobility of people
- Boston, Bogotá, Los Angeles, Chicago
- New sources of data (Mobile phones, OSM)









Thanks! lepri@fbk.eu